# Supporting and Enhancing University Teaching and Learning

#### Some Important Findings and How They Are Being Applied

Gary Poole

Centre for Health Education Scholarship



# An Overview of Today's Session

- Part 1: An overview of past and current activity to support teaching and learning
- Part 2: What has come of all this?
- Part 3: What are we doing with all this knowledge about teaching and learning?



# Part 1

### An Overview of Past and Current Activity to Support Teaching and Learning

a place of mind

THE UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

#### **In the United Kingdom**



Established in 1993

97 member institutions

https://www.seda.ac.uk



#### **In the United States**



1329 members

https://podnetwork.org/about-us/



#### In Australasia

Higher Education Research and Development Society of Australasia



Established in 1972

Lists 16 other international organizations on its site



#### In Canada





#### Established in 1981

130 members



THE UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

#### Internationally





#### Established in 1993

http://icedonline.net

**Member Organizations** 



#### **Some Institutional Examples**

#### HARVARD UNIVERSITY

THE DEREK BOK CENTER FOR TEACHING AND LEARNING

#### https://bokcenter.harvard.edu

#### Stanford University

# Stanford VPTL

**Transforming Learning Together** 

https://vptl.stanford.edu

a place of mind

THE UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

#### **Some Institutional Examples**



#### THE UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

Vancouver Campus

Centre for Teaching, Learning and Technology

https://ctlt.ubc.ca



### Part 2

# What Has Come of All This?



Over the history of these organizations, there has been a continual push to make teaching and the support of teaching more evidence-based.



#### **A Proliferation of Scholarship**

- Peer-reviewed journals on teaching and learning in many disciplines
- Reporting on systematic research conducted by faculty members on teaching and learning within their own classrooms and programs
- <u>A directory of teaching and learning journals</u>



#### An example ...

#### **Threshold Concepts**



# Definition

"A threshold concept can be considered as akin to a portal, opening up a new and previously inaccessible way of thinking about something. It represents a transformed way of understanding something without which the learner cannot progress ... This transition can prove troublesome. Such a transformed view may represent how people "think" in a particular discipline."

Meyer & Land, 2003



# Definition

"A threshold concept can be considered as akin to a <u>portal</u>, opening up a new and previously inaccessible way of thinking about something. It represents a transformed way of understanding something <u>without which the learner cannot</u> <u>progress</u> ... This transition can prove <u>troublesome</u>. Such a transformed view may represent how people "think" in a particular discipline."

Meyer & Land, 2003



# **Threshold Concepts**

- Transformative they change the way a student looks at things in the discipline
- Integrative they tie concepts together
- Irreversible can be challenged but not unlearned
- Troublesome difficult or challenging to previous views
- Contributing to student's identity



# Examples of Threshold Concepts

- Law
- Statistics
- Economics

- Precedent
- Probability
- Opportunity cost



# Implications for Teaching: "Jewels in the Curriculum"

- Use threshold concepts to help edit out "superfluous" content
- <u>Slow down</u> for Threshold Concepts
- Carefully monitor understanding of Threshold Concepts
- Once understood, build other conceptual understanding using Threshold Concepts
- Spiral through them across the curriculum



# Student engagement and high-impact practices

- First-Year Seminars and Experiences
- Common Intellectual Experiences
- Learning Communities
- Writing Intensive Courses

- Undergraduate
  Research
- Service Learning, Community Based Learning
- Internships
- Capstone Courses And Projects



### Part 3

### What are we doing with all this knowledge about teaching and learning?



### Teaching Practice

# Evidencesupported Practice

THE UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

a place of mind

### Two Kinds of Explanations for the Gap

- Logistic
- Psychological



# Logistic Reasons for The Gap

- Size and complexity of the research
- Ease of access to the research
- Help with translation of the research implications

Yet, knowledge of good practice is spreading

- Situational constraints
  - Class size
  - The tyranny of coverage
  - Limitations of infrastructure



# Psychological Reasons for the Gap

- We are not generally receptive to change that brings into question our
  - core beliefs/ personal theories
  - highly valued heuristics
  - identities



Adoption	Adaptation	Reinvention	Invention



Adoption	Adaptation	Reinvention	Invention
Materials and procedures implemented as given			



Adoption	Adaptation	Reinvention	Invention
Materials and procedures implemented as given	Materials and procedures modified somewhat by instructor		



Materials andInstructor changesproceduresproceduresmaterials andimplemented asmodified somewhatproceduresgivenby instructorsignificantly	Adoption	Adaptation	Reinvention	Invention
	procedures	procedures	materials and	



Adoption	Adaptation	Reinvention	Invention
Materials and procedures implemented as given	Materials and procedures modified somewhat by instructor	Instructor changes materials and procedures significantly	Instructor develops materials and procedures based on his/her own ideas



Adoption	Adaptation	Reinvention	Invention
Materials and procedures implemented as given	Materials and procedures modified somewhat by instructor	Instructor changes materials and procedures significantly	Instructor develops materials and procedures based on his/her own ideas



Adoption	Adaptation	Reinvention	Invention
Materials and procedures implemented as given	Materials and procedures modified somewhat by instructor	Instructor changes materials and procedures significantly	Instructor develops materials and procedures based on his/her own ideas
Developers expect this			



Adopt	ion	Adaptation	Reinventio	on	Invention
proced	als and lures nented as	Materials and procedures modified somewhat by instructor	s materials and materials and omewhat procedures procedures bases		procedures based on his/her own
	Developers	expect this tructors expect this			
This is the most common pattern, sometimes consistent with evidence, sometimes contradicting it.					
BC	a place of r	nind THE UN	THE UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA		

# The Gap persists when

#### **Researchers and developers**

- Fail to understand the logistic and psychological barriers to change
- Fail to take context into account
- Fail to see their work in terms of partnerships and networks
- Stress adoption over adaptation or reinvention

#### Instructors

- See new ideas as a threat to their professional identity
- Put personal investment in heuristics above the potential for continual improvement
- Seek out others who will confirm their beliefs without ever testing them
- Stress invention over adaptation or reinvention



a place of mind

THE UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

# The Gap will be reduced when

- Personal truths are interrogated <u>but also respected</u>
- Educational research is treated as a modifiable resource
- That modification is the result of a partnership between faculty developers and instructors
- Small yet significant networks of instructors are supported



# How Teaching Improves

- Roxa & Martensson (2009; 2012)
  - instructors form small significant networks to discuss teaching; these networks influence practice.
  - -when academic cultures support scholarly approaches to teaching and learning, more conversations occur.



# Significant Networks

- A network consists of individuals and the interactional links between them.
- Network participants come together on a common objective
- Networks allow for the exchange of resources and for capacity building; they allow members to collaboratively develop knowledge



### **Significant Conversations**

- Private
- Trustful
- Intellectually intriguing

"It is likely that these conversations open up the possibility of constructing and maintaining—and perhaps partly changing—an understanding about the realities of teaching." (p.555)

